

LD-1240-FBG-300

Fiber Bragg Grating wavelength locked Laser Diode – 300mW @1240nm



Features:

- InAs/GaAs Quantum Dot based diode laser
- Fiber Bragg grating stabilized external cavity laser
- Proprietary mirror coating technology enabling high reliability
- CW or pulse (down to 2ns pulse width) operation
- High reliable Au/Sn-technology
- Polarization maintaining Corning PM980 fiber
- Optional: monitor photodiode for power control

Specification

DATE: 17th December 2009

Parameters	Symb.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Output power	P _{out}	300			mW
Peak wavelength at Pout	λ _P	1238	1240	1242	nm
Spectral Bandwidth @ -3dB level at Pout	Δλ		0.5	1.5	pm
Wavelength shift with FBG temperature	$\Delta \lambda / \Delta T_{FBG}$		9	12	pm / °C
Threshold current	I _{th}		100	180	mA
Operating current at Pout	lop		1100	1400	mA
Forward voltage at Pout	V _f		1.6	1.8	V
Polarization Extinction Ratio	PER	15	18		dB
Monitor photodiode responsivity ¹			0.1		μ A/mW
Recommended operating temperature (on thermistor)	T _{op}	15	25	30	°C

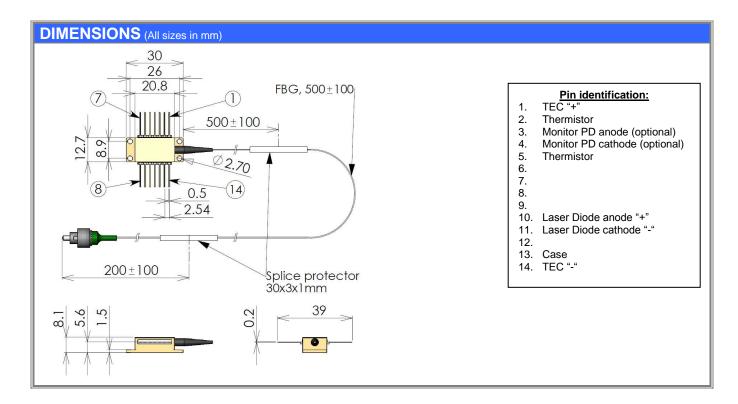
¹ In the case of monitor photodiode option chosen.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS						
Parameters	Min.	Max.	Unit			
Laser Diode reverse voltage		2	V			
Laser Diode CW forward current		1500	mA			
Thermo Electric Cooler current		3	Α			
Thermo Electric Cooler voltage		4	V			
Storage temperature range (in original sealed pack)	5	80	°C			
Case operating temperature range	10	50	°C			

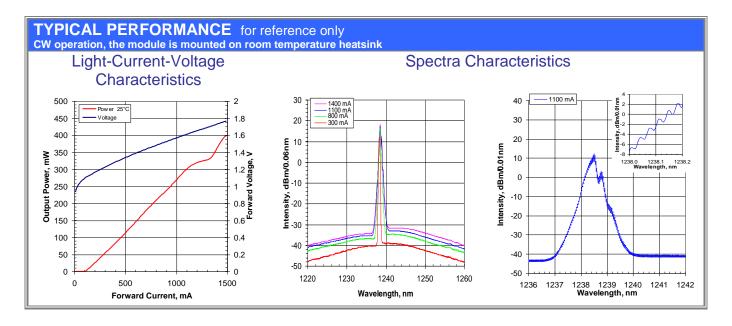


THERMISTOR SPECIFICATION				
Parameters	Value	Unit		
Thermistor type	BC103J1K			
Resistance @25°C	10 ± 1 kOh			
Beta 0-50°C	3890	K		
30000 R-	T CURVE			
8 20000 Separation of the sepa				
5 10 15 20 2	55 30 35 40 45 5 Temperature, C	50 55 60		

FIBER SPECIFICATION						
Parameters	PANDA PM980	Unit				
Numerical aperture (Typical)	0.14					
Cutoff wavelength	920±50	nm				
Mode-field diameter (@1060nm)	6.2±0.3	μm				
Cladding diameter	125±1	μm				
Coating diameter	245±15					
Core-to-cladding offset	≤0.5	μm				
Length	1.3 ± 0.2	μm				
Distance from FBG to laser chip	0.8 ± 0.2	m				
Connector	FC/APC connector					
FAST AXIS SLOW AXIS						







SAFETY AND OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

The laser light emitted from this device is invisible and will be harmful to the human eye. Avoid looking directly into the output fiber or into the collimated beam along its optical axis when the device is in operation. Proper laser safety eyewear must be worn during operation.

Operating the laser diode outside of its maximum ratings may cause device failure or a safety hazard. Power supplies used with the component must be employed such that the maximum forward current cannot be exceeded. A proper heatsink for the laser diode module on thermal radiator is required. The module must be mounted on radiator with screws (bolt down in X-style fashion with initial torque set to 0.075Nm and final X-style bolt down at 0.15Nm) or clamps. The deviation from flatness of radiator surface must be less than 0.05mm. It's recommended using of In-foil or similar between bottom of the module and heatsink for thermal interface.

Carefully handle the fragile fiber, do not apply any stress, do not pull the fiber, do not bend fiber with a radius smaller than 3cm. Operate the laser module with clean fiber connector only. Periodically check and clean the connector if necessary. To clean the connector use suitable fiber cleaning tools (e.g. special cleaning tissue for optics). Perform cleaning only while the laser is switched off. Protect the fiber connector with protection cap while it's unplugged.

ESD PROTECTION – Electrostatic discharge is the primary cause of unexpected Laser Diode failure. Take extreme precaution to prevent ESD. Use wrist straps, grounded work surfaces and rigorous antistatic techniques when handling laser diodes.







NOTE: Innolume product specifications are subject to change without notice.